Setting up Baraza Framework

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Understanding Baraza Framework

What is Baraza:

The Baraza Framework is a Java Development initiative that makes application development easy. The framework takes advantage of XML to define its components. Using the framework, desktop applications, applets can be easily deployed using the same XML document with only slight modification.

Baraza is a system that incorporates different independent projects that work independently using the same Java code block that uses the individual project XML block to produce a desired result.

Baraza is divided in three different blocks;

1) The Java code block

This is java code enclosed in parenthesis {} e.g. public static void main(String[] args)

i.e. {
 //All the Java code found here is inside a block
}

2) XML block

This is a reusable piece (block) of content stored as well-formed, static XML, and is particularly useful when there is a large amount of XML that must be styled and included on one or more pages of a website.

3) Database block

This is the smallest amount of data that a program can request. It is a multiple of an operating system block, which is the smallest amount of data that can be retrieved from storage or memory.

Database provides standardized information about the system; actually it's a large set of structured data, and run operations on the data requested by numerous users who use the system. Currently used in Baraza is PostgreSQL which probably handles virtually all the standard SQL constructs. It is easy to administer.

The Java code block is again divided into four different blocks:

- Applet- An applet is a small application designed to run within another application written in the Java programming language.
- Servlet- a Java programming language class used to extend the capabilities of a server, e.g. process or store data that was submitted from an HTML form.

It provides dynamic content such as the results of a database query

It also manages state information that does not exist in the stateless HTTP protocol

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- Server- A computer or computer program that manages access to a centralized resource or service in a network.
- ▲ IDE- (Integrated/Interactive Development Environment). It is a software application that provides comprehensive facilities to computer programmers for software development. An IDE normally consists of a source code editor, build automation tools and a debugger. This program typically provides many features for authoring, modifying, compiling, deploying and debugging software. This contrasts with software development using unrelated tools, such as vi, GCC or make.

Features of the Baraza framework include:

- ▲ High development speed
- ▲ Low development cost
- ▲ Web enabled applications
- ▲ Very stable
- ▲ Well defined (well ordered) design
- ▲ Ease of operation (user friendly)
- ▲ Compatible with pc
- ▲ Reports, mailing lists, and forums are available

Prerequisites for Baraza:

These include:

- i. Database server, e.g. postgres is a free and open source software. It has a proven architecture that has earned it a strong reputation for reliability, data integrity, and correctness. It runs on all major operating systems, including Linux, UNIX (AIX, BSD, HP-UX, SGI IRIX, Mac OS X, Solaris, Tru64), and Windows. It also has full support for foreign keys, joins, views, triggers, and stored procedures (in multiple languages).
- ii. Java: this is an object-oriented computer programming language that is specifically designed to have as few implementation dependencies as possible. It is intended to let application developers "write once, run anywhere" (WORA), meaning that code that runs on one platform does not need to be recompiled to run on another.

After installation of the above, download baraza, a zipped folder from the website www.openbaraza.org. Extract or unzip it to a desired folder. This is the folder you will work from whenever you want to run the application.

Creating a Baraza Database:

Users will approach you with what they expect a system to achieve. This is called a user story. You decipher what they need and design a system that will achieve the user's desired results.

Example:

We shall create a simple database of students registering for units in a college.



A college wants to register students online.

Students once registered for the courses of their choice should be able to know which department they belong to.

They should also be able to know when the semester starts and ends, the name of their HOD, this means that their start and finish date should also show if in any case there aren't any unit retakes.

For purposes of learning, we shall start with only two tables. Ensure that you design your tables in a way that you capture all necessary data and with the right relationships.

Starting a Baraza platform:

First you have to know, and always remember where you have placed your folder. Navigate to the Baraza folder you extracted. In our case, we shall have the Baraza folder in 'Downloads'



This allows you to enter into the Baraza directory.

Run sh ide.sh command as cd /root/Downloads/baraza or cd / ./Downloads/baraza



This takes you to the following window. Here, you open an existing database where you can edit or create a new database.

Opening an existing project:



Editing the project:

When you are on the window above, click on 'Edit' at the right hand side. This gives you an option of editing your project; you can change the project name, or login passwords.

	Baraza	Project	
APP Human Resourc Payroll Projects Finance Accounts Assets			
Agency			
Events	Database Class :	org.postgresql.Driver	
HOT SMS	Project Name :	class	
Baraza SMS Server	Project Path :	class	
HR Tomcat Ser Baraza Mailing	Database Name :	class	
HR Mailing Serv BUMIS	Database Path :	jdbc:postgresql://localhost/class	
Hostels WCenters	XML File :	class.xml	
class std	User Name :	root	
	Password :	*****	
	New Setup	Demo Setup	-
	Create Database	Drop Database	
	Template Database	Save Project	
>			
New Project			
Close Project			
Delete Project			

Creating a New Project:

You create a new project by clicking on the 'New project' option on the left side of the window. Give

your new project your desired name and 'enter', this will generate the project path, database, name, database path, and the XML file.

4	Baraza I	Project	
APP Human Resourc Payroll Projects Finance		-	
Assets	Create	a new Project 🛛 👔	3
Church	Database Class :	org.postgresql.Driver	1
HOT	Project Name :	stdents	
Baraza SMS Server	Project Path :	stdents	
HR Tomcat Ser Baraza Mailing	Database Name :	stdents	
HR Mailing Serv BUMIS	Database Path :	jdbc:postgresql://localhost/stdents	
Hostels WCenters	XML File :	stdents.xml	
class	User Name :	students	
	Password :	*****	
	New Setup	Demo Setup	
	Create Database	Drop Database	
	Template Database	Save Project	
New Project			
Close Project			
Delete Project	wCiS		
Save Projects			

On the tabs above; you can either:

Click on 'Create New' to create a new database.

'Create Demo' to create a demo database.

Click on 'Template database'. This imports data from Baraza, and auto generates XML. Save your project.

If you click on 'Create Database', you will create a blank database therefore you have to enter all data in the tables manually.

Click on 'Query builder', then database files. This gives you a window where you design your tables.

Always click on 'Save Project' to save any changes. It is important to use strong passwords to stop unauthorized users from accessing the database.

After login, you can create your tables at the 'Query Builder' 'Database Files'. Carefully give each field the right data type, and when this is done, execute then save.

Designing Tables:

CREATE TABLE department(

dept_id	integer references students,
course_name	text,

hod_name text

);

CREATE TABLE students (

student_id	serial primary key,
student_name	text,
course_name	text,
dept_id	integer,
reg_date	date

);

Click on 'Database Files' 'class.sql' to get to the window where you design your tables. It looks like this:

rioleus		
Finance		Query Database Files
Accounts		
Assets		New Open Save Save As Close Execute Batch Execute Views Tables
Agency		
Church		class.sgl
Events		
НОТ		CREATE TABLE department(
SMS		dentid serial primary key.
Baraza		course name varchar(90).
SMS Server		hod name varchar (80)
HR Tomcat Ser		
Baraza Mailing		
HR Mailing Serv		CREATE TABLE students (
DIMIC		student id serial primary key.
DOMIS		student name variabrille()
Hostels		dest id
WCenters		dept_id integer references department,
class		reg_date date
ciass		
sta		

Execute and save your tables. In case there is any mistake while doing so, you will get an error at the bottom of that window. Read to correct any, then execute and save to commit any changes. When the tables are executed successfully, click XML viewer, then XML tab then New Components.

New Components allows you to create new desks and nodes on your databases, these are links of the tables and forms.

You will get a window that looks like this:

		Baraza Project		_ 0 3
APP Human Resourc		class		
Payroll	Query Builder XML Viewer			
Finance	Query Database Files			
Accounts				
Assets	New Delete Field	Reload Refresh View Execute	Export Linked XML	
Church	address			
Events	address_types			
SMS	approval_checklists			
🕒 Baraza	approvals			
SMS Server	checklists			
Baraza Mailing	department			
📑 HR Mailing Serv	entity types			
BUMIS	entitys			
WCenters	entry_forms			
classs	fields			
Class	forms			
	Columns Join SQL Results XMI	Report Maker		
	Table Name Field Name	Filter Type Filter Value	Visible Group Fu	nction
New Project				
Close Project				
Delete Project				
Save Projects				

After your XML is saved, then you click on 'Query builder' then 'Query' to see where all the tables appear as above.

Then you create a new desk (form). A form is a window or screen that contains numerous fields, or spaces to enter data. Each field holds a field label so that any user who views the form gets an idea of its contents. A form is more user friendly than generating queries to create tables and insert data into fields.

Click on 'XML Viewer' then XML. You get to the window with a tab (New components). The new desk you add will be displayed on the left hand side of the window under 'App'.

Query Builder XML Vie	wer			
Save Save Web Migration	Reload App Migration XML Attribute	Find Web Cleanup es New Components	Add Attribute Preview	Delete Attribute
	Table : Component : Name : Report Name : Move Up	department DESK Move Down	New Do New No	esk New Link

You get a window that looks like this:

Accounts				
Assets Save	Reload	Find	Add Attribute	Delete Attribute
Agency Church Web Migration	App Migration	Web Cleanup	Preview	New XML
Events	nent XML Attribut	es New Components		
SMS DESK : Departm	nent Table :	department	New D	esk New Link
SMS Server	Component :	DESK	New N	ode
Baraza Mailing	Name :			
HR Mailing Serv	Report Name :			
Hostels	Move Up	Move Down		
WCenters		•		
Class		25		

Save and reload to commit changes.

You can navigate through the tables using the 'Move Up' or 'Move Down' tabs as shown above.

Now click on XML Viewer, then XML. This gives you the XML code with all the table data. Group all table menu together at the top after 'App', and enclose it with the menu tags i.e. </NENU>.

Alternatively you can simply **cut** the MENUS that are below the main one and **paste** it to the topmost one so you have one MENU and all the DESKS are under it.

When you enter data in your forms, save all new data to commit changes.

Running Baraza Application:

🏶 Applications Places System 😻 疡 🗾	
E	root@localhost:~/Downloads/b
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>S</u> earch <u>T</u> erminal <u>H</u> elp	
[root@localhost ~]# cd ./Downloads/baraza [root@localhost baraza]# sh baraza.sh]	

Run the above command on the terminal to open Baraza. You will get a login window as shown below.



Login in using your username and password to go to the desk (forms). This displays all the desks you have created. They are dependent on the number of tables you created.



On the bottom most part you will get a message 'INFO DESK:SYSTEM STARTED'. This means you now have your desk and you can open any desk to add the data you want. This is shown on the window below.

Always save to commit any changes.

	Baraza Project	
Department Address	Department Department	
Students	New Refresh Delete Export Print	
	Dept ID Course Name Hod Nam	ne
	•	
	Dept ID V ILIKE V And	Or
	DewCis	

Deleting a Project:

APP Baraza Project Image: Class in the second in the	from the menu that is displayed after you click the 'edit' button
APP APP man Resource Payroll Projects Finance Accounts Assets Agency Church Events HOT Baraza SMS Server Project Name :: class Class Class Project Name :: class Project Path : class Baraza Mailing BH Mailing Server BH Mailing Server BH Mailing Server Class Cl	from the menu that is displayed after you click the 'edit' button
Buttins Idbc.postgresql://focalhost/class Woenters class.xml Class postgres Password : postgres New Setup Demo Setup Create Database Drop Database Template Database Save Project	
New Project Jose Project Jedee Project DewCiS Baraza	
About INFO : Status : Running	

Reports on Baraza:

A report is a formatted result of a database query and contains useful data for decision-making and analysis. Most good business applications contain a built-in reporting tool; it is simply a front-end interface that calls or runs back-end database queries that are formatted for easy application usage.

Making Reports:

Double click on your tables, select the fields you want to add, they will automatically be generated in columns on the bottom window. The report is generated based on the view you select here. If you'd like to change how information is displayed in the report, you must first make changes to the source view.

From our simple example of database 'class', we can select the fields of table students:

They will appear on the bottom window of your screen under 'columns'.

7
6
1-1

Select the 'Report Maker' and enter the name of the report. The XML is generated when you double click on the fields in a table, then the columns are created.

After this you choose the type of report you want to produce, e.g. Portrait, or landscape, or sub report. This will give you the XML.

The window looks like this:

Applications Place	xes System 👹 🍘 🗾 Thu May 23, 8:24 AM
2	Baraza Project -
T APP	Class
Payroll	Query Builder XML Viewer
Projects Finance	Query Database Files
Accounts Assets	New Delete Field Reload Refresh View Execute Export Linked XML
Agency Church Events HOT SMS Baraza SMS Server HR Tomcat Sen Baraza Maling HR Mailing Serv BUMIS Hostels Workers classs	entity_types entitys entry_forms fields forms orgs subscription_levels sys_audit_details
matatu matatus	Report Name : Students Portrait Report Landscape Report Sub Report Save Report
publisher publisher New Project Close Project	<pre><?xml version="10" encoding="UTF-8"> cyroperty name="report" value="0"></pre> <pre>cyroperty name</pre>
Delete Project	
Save Projects	

Save the XML

Go to 'New Components' tab. On the 'Components' select 'REPORT DESK', and enter the name of the report. You can copy the report name to the 'Name' and 'Report Name' under 'New Components' tab to avoid mistakes. This ensures that the report name appears exactly as it is.

Click on 'New Node' then go to the XML tab. This will add a new desk on the left hand side window under 'APP'. Again remember to group your MENUS.

Reload to add the report to Baraza:

A.		Baraz	a Proiect	: '' V Z 40
▼ 🚔 APP			class	
Human Resourc	Query Builder XML Viewer			
Projects	XML Preview			
Accounts	Save	Reload	Find	Add Attribute
Agency	Web Migration	App Migration	Web Cleanup	Preview
Events	▼	XML Attributes New Components		
HOT SMS Baraza SMS Server Haraza Maling HR Maling Serv BUMIS Hostels WCenters classs Matatu matatu matatu publisher	 DESK : Department DESK : Students DESK : students DESK : students R 	able : address Component : REPORT DESK Name : students keport Name : students Move Up Move Down	▼ New Node	ew Link
Class Project				
Delete Project				
Save Projects	SEVERE : Database readQuerv error :	ora.postaresal.util.PSQLException: ERROR	: column "dept name" does not exist	

After you select 'REPORT DESK' and given the report a name, then you can create a new link. This displays your tabs on the right hand side showing the tables you have updated.

This is optional, you can display them one at a time.

Add the data you want into the forms, and save. Your report is now added.

N:	🥣 🔟 🚞	: N 👻 🐸 🖏	
2		Baraza Project	_ • ×
File			
T Deventure t		Students	
Students	Students		
Address Address	Student Name Dept/ID 3 Reg Date May 15, 2013 Cancel New Save Cancel		Students
INFO : INFO DESK : SYSTEM STARTE	D		

Open Baraza: using sh baraza.sh

	root@localhost:~/Downloads/baraza				
<u>File Edit View Search Terr</u>	minal Ta <u>b</u> s <u>H</u> elp				
root@localhost:~/Dow 💥 ro	ot@localhost:~/Dow 🔀	root@localhost:~/Dow 💥	root@localhost:~/Dow 💥	root@localhost:~/Dow 💥	root@localhost:~
[root@localhost	: baraza]# sh	baraza.sh			

You get here:



Click on the report you created to open the report.

It looks like this:



Making the project web based:

Install Tomcat server:

Apache Tomcat includes tools for configuration and management, but can also be configured by editing XML configuration files.

Download Apache Tomcat from the internet, and unzip it to a desired folder. Tomcat is an open source web server and servlet container that includes many additional features that make it a useful platform for developing and deploying web applications and web services.

Starting the server:

Navigate to the server directory then bin directory the run the following command.



sh startup.sh

🐳 Applications Places System 👹 <u></u>	Í de la companya de l	do 👂 📑 🔒	Fri May 24, 3
x	root@localhost:~		
<u>File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help</u>)		
root@localhost:~	x root@localhost:~/Downloads/baraza x	root@localhost:~	
[root@localhost ~]# sh Using CATALINA_BASE: Using CATALINA_HOME: Using CATALINA_TMPDIR: Using JRE_HOME: Using CLASSPATH: omcat-7.0.37/bin/tomcat [root@localhost ~]# []	'/opt/apache-tomcat-7.0.37/bin/startup.sh /opt/apache-tomcat-7.0.37 /opt/apache-tomcat-7.0.37 /opt/apache-tomcat-7.0.37/temp /usr /opt/apache-tomcat-7.0.37/bin/bootstrap.ja -juli.jar	י' ar:/opt/apache-t	
h			

You can run your logs to see where you have saved your Tomcat file. Run the command below: this checks what is going on in the server.

Applications	Places System 🕹 👩 🗾	
Σ		root@localhost:~
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew [root@localhost	<u>S</u> earch <u>T</u> erminal <u>H</u> elp ∼]# tail -f ./logs/catalina.out[k

There are several folders within Apache tomcat.

To obtain a web structure in your database, copy an XML file from an existing project to the project you create.

Copy an existing web application and paste to the tomcat server: i.e baraza.war to the 'Webapps' folder. This will automatically copy Baraza into tomcat.

Go to the folder you copied e.g hr WEB-INF folder then the configs folder and replace the hr.xml with your XML e.g class.xml

Go back to one step (to WEB-INF) folder and edit the the main xml in the section with the tag.

<context-param>

<param-name>config_file</param-name>

<param-value>class.xml</param-value>

</context-param>

N/B Replace the bold text with the xml name of your application, e.g. We shall rename ours 'class' as per the name of our project.

Enabling connection to the database

Go to the your web folder and edit the config.xml in the META-INF folder according to your project.

Change the database, username and the password as desired.

Example:

```
<Context crossContext="true" reloadable="true">
```

```
<Resource mail.smtp.user="root" mail.from="root@localhost" name="mail/Session"
mail.smtp.host="localhost" mail.smtp.auth="false" type="javax.mail.Session"
password="invent" auth="Container"></Resource>
```

<Realm userTable="tomcat_users" connectionURL="jdbc:postgresql://localhost/class" connectionPassword="Baraza2011" userNameCol="user_name" roleNameCol="entity_role" userCredCol="Entity_password" digest="md5" className="org.apache.catalina.realm.JDBCRealm" userRoleTable="tomcat_users" driverName="org.postgresql.Driver" connectionName="postgres"></Realm>

```
<Resource maxActive="150" maxIdle="50" username="postgres"
name="jdbc/database" maxWait="50" removeAbandoned="true"
driverClassName="org.postgresql.Driver" type="javax.sql.DataSource"
password="Baraza2011" url="jdbc:postgresql://localhost/class" auth="Container"
removeAbandonedTimeout="50"></Resource>
```

</Context>

Running the applications:

Type the server address to your browser. e.g localhost:8080 or 192.168.0.2:8080

2

This brings the Apache tomcat server home page.

When you type the address above, it takes you to the Tomcat home page which looks like this:

	Apache To	mcat/7.0.37 - Mozilla Firefox		
Welcome to CentOS 🛛 🕺 🔀	Apache Tomcat/7.0.37 🛛 💥 🖣	2		
localbost:8080				Google
ard			Reload Stop	
d🗸 🔅 Centos 💠 Wiki 💠 Document	ation 🗍 Forums			
Apache Tomcat	/7.0.37	And the second s	The Apache Softwar	re Foundation apache.org/
	If you're seeing this, you've	successfully installed Tomc	at. Congratulations!	
	Recommended Reading:	ĸ		Server Status
	Security Considerations HOW-T	<u>o</u>		Manager App
	Manager Application HOW-TO			Used Menseer
	Clustering/Session Replication	HOW-TO	l	Tiost manager
Developer Quick St	art			
Tomcat Setup	Realms & AAA	Examples	Servlet Specificati	ons
First Web Application	JDBC DataSources		Tomcat Versions	
Managing Tomcat	Docum	entation	Getting Help	
For security, access to the	manager webapp Tomcat	7.0 Documentation	FAQ and Mailing Lists	i
is restricted. Users are de	ined in: Tomcat	7.0 Configuration	The following mailing lists	are available:
<pre>sCATALINA HOME/conf/tom</pre>	cat-users.xml Tomcat	Wiki	announce@tomcat.apache.	org
	e manager	ional important configuration	Important announcements,	releases, security
In Tomcat 7.0 access to th application is split between	different users. Find addit	ional important comiguration	vulnerability notifications. (L	ion rominoji
In Tomcat 7.0 access to th application is split between Read more	n different users. Find addi. informatio	n in:	users@tomcat.apache.org	

Add your application name to access it e.g localhost:8080/class

If successful the application will bring the log in page.

Enter the credentials and continue

If not successful start debugging by testing the database connection but will depend on the type of error.

NB Ensure the necessary library e.g postgres, activation etc are copied in the lib directory of the tomcat folder.

If you want access the database from a different computer, then you type the IP address to the server, otherwise use the local host.

Type www.localhost:8080 on the web browser.

You will get a window that looks like this.

	Open Baraza – Mozilla Firefox		
File <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	(e)	200	0)=
😵 🛞 demo.openbaraza.org/hr/	台	✓ © 8 ✓ Google	Q 🟠 🖉 M
	even baraza By Dew CIS Solutions		
	Username		
	Password lost password?		
	remember me		
	LOGIN		A.
	admin username = root password = enter staff username = jdoe password = enter		
	applicant usemame = amteja@mteja.me.ke password = enter		
	© 2012 - Dew CIS Solutions LTD, All Rights Reser	ved	

This window allows you to login.

Enter your credentials and enjoy using Baraza!